

## RMBS Country Addendum The Netherlands

To be read in conjunction with the RMBS Rating Methodology

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Distressed Default Rate	Source / Reference Value	Comment	Section 3.2.2
Country Distressed Default Rate		10.00% This corresponds to the default rate th	at could be experienced by a pool of mortgage exhibiting market characteristics.
Benchmark Country Original LTV		85.00% This is the benchmark country original	default rate assumed to compute the LTV loan modifier.
Benchmark Country Floating Interest rate proportion		20.00% This is the benchmark proportion of flo	ating rate loan assumed to compute the Interest Rate modifier.
Region overconcentration		30.00% Increase of the Country-distressed det	ault rate for regional over-concentration
Loan Modifiers	Sensitivity		
Original LTV		0.94 The loan modifier dedicated to the orig	inal LTV is defined as exp(Sensitivity * (Loan LTV - Country LTV))
Seasoning	Haircut of 40%	at year 10 The loan modifier dedicated to the sea	soning is defined as a piecewise linear function of seasoning increasing to a defined level and subsequently constant.
Property Usage		80% The loan modifier for property usage v	rhich is increasing the default rate.
Floating interest rate		60% The loan modifier for interest rate is m	ultiplied by the excess proportion of floating interest rate versus the country average.

Recoveries	Reference Value	С	omment	Section 3.3
	Fundamental analysis (MVD as per the Ger			
Standard Approach	Structured Finance Methodology and FSD 25%)	at		
Distressed Recovery Rate haircut		40%		
Recovery Timing				
Year 1		60%		
Year 2		40%	The recovery timing specified here defines our standard assumption in the absence of historical performance	
Year 3		0%	data.	
Year 4		0%		
Year 5		0%		

Default timing	Marginal Default Rate	Section 3.2.3
Front-loaded Default Timing assumption	Higher between Y0-Y5	Default timing is derived from the assumption of a higher monthly marginal default rate during an early period.
Constant Default Timing assumption	Constant	Default timing is derived from the assumption of a constant monthly marginal default rate.
Back-loaded Default Timing assumption	Higher between Y10-Y15	Default timing is derived from the assumption of a higher monthly marginal default rate during a late period.

Prepayment	CPR	Section 3.4
Low Prepayment assumption		3% Lower boundary for prepayments if scenario testing is explicitly deemed to be relevant.
Mid Prepayment assumption		10% Base scenario for prepayment.
High Prepayment assumption		18% Higher boundary for prepayments if scenario testing is explicitly deemed to be relevant, knowing that a scenario of joint prepayment and default is assumed to be unlikely.

Structural assumptions		Section 4.1
Senior Fees assumption	0.30%	
minimum	100k	

Benchmark Regional Distribution		Section 3.2.2
North Netherlands	10%	
East Netherlands	21%	
West Netherlands	48%	
South Netherlands	21%	