

Financial Institutions Ratings

Intesa – AT1 rating report



Security ratings

| | |
|---|--------|
| Outlook | Stable |
| 7.7% USD 1.0bn perpetual AT 1 notes (September 2015) temporary write-down on 5.125% trigger | BB+ |
| 7% EUR 1.25bn perpetual AT 1 notes (January 2016) temporary write-down on 5.125% trigger | BB+ |
| 7.75% EUR 1.25bn perpetual AT 1 notes (January 2017) temporary write-down on 5.125% trigger | BB+ |
| 6.25% EUR 750m perpetual AT 1 notes (May 2017) temporary write-down on 5.125% trigger | BB+ |

The ratings were not solicited by the issuer; the analysis is based solely on public information.

Rating rationale

Scope rates the above securities issued by Intesa at BB+/Stable. The ratings are based on the following:

- Senior non-preferred unsecured debt rating (MREL eligible): A-, Stable Outlook
- Minimum notches down from senior unsecured debt rating: 4
- Additional notches: 0

In accordance with our rating methodology, the starting point for notching down when rating capital instruments is provided by the senior unsecured debt rating. The minimum four notches reflect the deeply subordinated status of AT1 capital instruments in the priority of claims, their going-concern loss-absorbing features and investors' exposure to coupon-cancellation risks. Please refer to Scope's *Bank Capital Instruments Rating Methodology* published in May 2018 for more details.

The lack of additional notching for these securities reflects the following considerations:

1. Intesa has a very strong capital position, and according to our estimates will have a buffer of over EUR 23bn to the trigger at group level at the end of Q1 2018. Although the notes carry a separate trigger on the parent company's CET1 ratio, we deem this to be irrelevant given that the parent company is very well capitalised.
2. We consider it unnecessary to add further notches for coupon-cancellation risk. There are significant buffers to both the Pillar 1 CBR and the total SREP requirements, and we estimate that Intesa has ample distributable items, which should not represent a constraint to coupon payments. The recent separation of Pillar 2 requirements and guidance has further reduced the coupon-cancellation risk for Intesa's AT1 securities.

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The release of this rating report does not constitute a rating action. The last rating action was assigned on 15 June 2017. For further information on the last rating action and regulatory information please click [here](#).

Issuer credit profile

Intesa Sanpaolo SpA has an issuer rating of A, with a Stable Outlook

The ratings are driven by Intesa's strong capital position and resilient profitability despite the challenging operating environment in Italy, where 81% of the loan portfolio is based. The group has been the leading retail and commercial bank in Italy since the merger of Intesa BCI and San Paolo IMI in 2007. Group earnings and asset quality have suffered from the weak domestic economic environment in the past, but pre-provision profitability has been resilient, and the group has remained profitable if we exclude large write-downs of goodwill in 2011 and 2013.

Although it has operations in Central and Eastern Europe, Intesa's primarily domestic-based operations, combined with significant holdings in Italian sovereign debt, mean it is particularly exposed to market confidence in Italian banks and Italy in general.

In January 2018, following the introduction of a new category of non-preferred senior debt by the Italian government's 2018 budget law, Scope Ratings upgraded the institution's senior unsecured debt not eligible for MREL from A- to A and assigned a rating of A- to Intesa's senior unsecured debt eligible for MREL. The latter rating is the relevant starting point for notching down when rating capital instruments.

Summary terms

| Issuer | Intesa |
|------------|---|
| Issue date | 17 September 2015 |
| Amount | USD 1bn |
| Coupon | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7.70% from 17 September 2015 to 17 September 2025, then 5y USD mid-swap + 5.462% Paid semi-annually (March 2017 and September 2017) |
| Format | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-cumulative temporary write-down deeply subordinated fixed-rate resettable notes (perpetual) Redeemable at the option of the bank, subject to regulatory consent, in case of change in capital treatment or tax treatment Redeemable at the sole option of the bank, subject to regulatory consent, from first call date (17 September 2025) |
| ISIN | US46115HAU14/ US46115HAV96/ IT0005136251/ IT0005136269 |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Issue date | 19 January 2016 |
| Amount | EUR 1.25bn |
| Coupon | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7.0% from 19 January 2016 to 19 January 2021, then 5y EUR mid-swap + 6.884% Paid semi-annually (January 2019 and July 2019) |
| Format | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-cumulative temporary write-down deeply subordinated fixed-rate resettable notes (perpetual) Redeemable at the option of the bank, subject to regulatory consent, in case of regulatory event (change in classification) or change in tax treatment; Redeemable at the sole option of the bank, subject to regulatory consent, from first reset date (19 January 2021) |
| ISIN | XS1346815787 |

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Issue date | 11 January 2017 |
| Amount | EUR 1.25bn |
| Coupon | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7.75% from 11 January 2017 to 11 January 2027, then 5y EUR mid-swap + 7.192% Paid semi-annually (January 2011 and July 2011) |
| Format | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-cumulative temporary write-down deeply subordinated fixed-rate resettable notes (perpetual) Redeemable at the option of the bank, subject to regulatory consent, in case of regulatory event (change in classification) or change in tax treatment Redeemable at the sole option of the bank, subject to regulatory consent, from first reset date (11 January 2027) |
| ISIN | XS1548475968 |

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Issue date | 16 May 2017 |
| Amount | EUR 750m |
| Coupon | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6.25% from 16 May 2017 to 16 May 2024, then 5y EUR mid-swap + 5856% Paid semi-annually (May 2016 and November 2016) |
| Format | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-cumulative temporary write-down deeply subordinated fixed-rate resettable notes (perpetual) Redeemable at the option of the bank, subject to regulatory consent, in case of regulatory event (change in classification) or change in tax treatment (upon occurrence of a tax event) Redeemable at the sole option of the bank, subject to regulatory consent, from first reset date (16 May 2024) |
| ISIN | XS1614415542 |

| Main risks | |
|--|--|
| Coupon cancellation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fully discretionary Mandatory if Available Distributable Items are insufficient Mandatory if distributions exceed the Maximum Distributable Amount Mandatory if relevant authority orders the issuer to cancel relevant interest payments |
| Principal loss absorption | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Temporary write-down upon trigger event: reduction of current principal amount of each note by the relevant write-down amount (pro rata for other notes and equal loss-absorbing instruments). Permanent write-down or conversion to equity at the point of non-viability |
| Trigger for principal loss absorption | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CRD4 transitional CET1 ratio (group) < 5.125% or CRD4 transitional CET1 ratio (Intesa Sanpaolo Spa) < 5.125% |

Source: Prospectus, Scope Ratings

Key risks

A. Coupon cancellation

Key risk: coupon cancellation

Coupon payments are fully discretionary and subject to distribution restrictions

Coupon payments on the securities are fully discretionary and are subject to supervisory distribution restrictions. Coupons are mandatorily cancelled if there are insufficient distributable items or if payments exceed the Maximum Distributable Amount (MDA). The MDA is calculated if the issuer does not meet its combined buffer requirement.

We see no need for further notching for coupon-cancellation risk due to the comfortable distance to both CBR and SREP requirements, the sufficiency of Available Distributable Items (ADIs), and significant managerial flexibility to adjust dividend policy if needed.

Available Distributable Items (ADIs)

The concept of ADI is defined in the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR; article 4.1-128) as “the amount of the profits at the end of the last financial year plus any profits brought forward and reserves available for that purpose before distributions to holders of own funds instruments less any losses brought forward, profits which are non-distributable pursuant to provisions in legislation or the institution’s by-laws and sums placed to non-distributable reserves in accordance with applicable national law or the statutes of the institution, those losses and reserves being determined on the basis of the individual accounts of the institution and not on the basis of the consolidated accounts”.

Intesa has only disclosed ADIs of EUR24bn as of YE 2014. We estimate that this figure has not changed much since, given that the bank has been distributing most of its profit to shareholders.

Combined Buffer Requirement (CBR)

The CRD4-CRR restrictions on discretionary distributions, effective from 1 January 2016, are based on transitional CET1 requirements. The restrictions apply when CET1 capital falls below the CBR, defined as the sum of the capital conservation buffer, the countercyclical buffer and systemic risk buffers as applicable.

These buffers are in addition to Pillar 1 and Pillar 2 requirements, while the Pillar 2 guidance does not affect the level at which the Maximum Distributable Amount needs to be calculated.

Helpfully for investors, banks disclose their capital requirements stemming from the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP). The SREP capital requirement comprises the minimum Pillar 1 CET1 requirement and an institution-specific Pillar 2 CET1 requirement for risks not covered explicitly under CRD IV.

For 2018, Intesa has disclosed a CET1 requirement, including CBR, of 8.14%. This is higher than the corresponding requirement in 2017, largely due to the increase in the capital conservation buffer to 1.875% (from 1.25% in 2017) and the introduction of an O-SII buffer of 0.19% (which is set to rise to 0.75% through 2021), due to its status as a domestically systemically important institution. The new CET1 requirement for Intesa also includes a 0.07% countercyclical buffer and a Pillar 2 requirement of 1.5%.

Table 1: Distance to estimated capital requirements

| | 2017 | Q1 2018 | 2019 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Required CET1 associated with distribution restrictions | 7.3% | 8.1% | 9.0% |
| Combined buffer (CBR) | | | |
| - Capital conservation | 1.25% | 1.88% | 2.50% |
| - Systemic | 0.00% | 0.19% | 0.38% |
| - Countercyclical | 0.00% | 0.07% | 0.08% |
| Pillar 2 CET1 requirement | 1.50% | 1.50% | 1.50% |
| Pillar 1 CET1 requirement | 4.50% | 4.50% | 4.50% |
| Intesa SanPaolo Group CET1, transitional (%) | 13.3% | 13.3% | |
| Distance to CET1 requirement incl. CBR (%) | 6.0% | 5.1% | |
| Distance to CET1 requirement incl. CBR (EUR bn) | 17.3 | 14.5 | |
| Intesa SanPaolo Group Tier 1, transitional (%) | 15.2% | 15.2% | |
| Required Tier 1 incl. CBR (%) | 8.8% | 9.6% | |
| Distance to Tier 1 requirement incl. CBR (%) | 6.4% | 5.6% | |
| Intesa SanPaolo Group total capital, transitional (%) | 17.9% | 18.0% | |
| Required total capital, incl. CBR (%) | 10.8% | 11.6% | |
| Distance to total capital requirement incl. CBR (%) | 7.2% | 6.3% | |
| RWAs (EUR bn) | 287 | 282 | |

Source: SNL, Company data, Scope Ratings

In terms of this requirement, Intesa's solvency position is very strong: its transitional CET1 ratio in March 2018 stood at 13.3%, giving Intesa ample distance to the CBR.

In Q1 2018, the distance to the CBR was 5.1%, down from 6% in 2017 as a result of the phasing-in of the buffers. Scope expects this distance to continue to decline in the coming years, although it also notes that Intesa's high profitability affords a strong capacity to build up capital if needed.

It is worth noting that, while investors have mostly focused on CET1 requirements in the past, banks must comply with all capital requirements at all times before CET1 capital can be allocated in accordance with CBR buffers. In other words, if a bank does not have sufficient AT1 or Tier 2 capital or MREL, CET1 instruments can be used to fill the shortfall instead, provided the same capital has not been used twice.

As a result, monitoring of coupon-cancellation risk has to take into account any weakness in the bank's capital structure, as this could lead to the CBR not being met and the MDA calculation being activated.

As shown in Table 1, all of Intesa's capital ratios are strong and the distance to the CBR is even larger for the total capital ratio than it is for the CET1 ratio.

B. Principal loss absorption

Key risk: principal loss absorption

The mechanism for loss absorption is temporary write-down.

The securities have a 5.125% CET1 trigger, where CET1 capital is based on transitional rules. The trigger applies both to the Intesa Sanpaolo group and Intesa as parent company.

We see no need for further notching for principal-loss-absorption risk due to the comfortable distance to triggers as well as the significant managerial flexibility to adjust dividend policy.

Distance to trigger

The distance to the trigger for the group stands at 8.2% in Q1 2018. We believe that this distance is set to decline slightly, both in the percentage of risk-weighted assets and in absolute terms. Intesa has targeted a CET1 ratio of 13.1% in 2021 and has, in the past few years, returned excess capital to shareholders through a generous dividend policy.

Table 2: Distance to trigger

| | 2017 | Q1 2018 | 2019 |
|--|-------------|-------------|--------|
| Trigger level | 5.125% | 5.125% | 5.125% |
| Intesa SanPaolo Group CET1, transitional (%) | 13.3% | 13.3% | |
| Distance to trigger (%) | 8.1% | 8.2% | |
| Distance to trigger (EUR bn) | 23.4 | 23.0 | |

Source: SNL, Company data, Scope Ratings

The parent company had an even stronger CET1 ratio of 18.7% at the end of 2017. As Intesa's operations are almost entirely based in the EU, the risk of regulatory ringfencing of capital is very remote; we believe that the risk of the two reference entities diverging materially in terms of capital evolution is insignificant.



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