Public rating | 4 April 2025



Republic of Austria

Rating report

Rating rationale

Wealthy and diversified economy: The Republic of Austria's (Austria) rating benefits from high wealth levels and a competitive, highly diversified economy. After achieving a robust post-pandemic recovery, the Austrian economy contracted by 1.0% in 2023 and 1.2% in 2024, given subdued external demand and declining investment activity. We project the economy to stagnate this year, with risks to the forecast on the downside, and a recovery only in 2026.

Strong external position: Austria has a solid track record of current account surpluses. It also has a robust net international investment position with low private sector debt and a favourable external liability structure, providing the country with a resilient external position.

Sound banking sector: The Austrian banking sector remains strong, underpinned by robust capital and liquidity buffers. High net income has been supportive of greater resilience in the sector, given heightened geopolitical and credit risk, particularly in the commercial real estate sector and some corporate segments, and material CEE exposures for some banks, including in Russia.

Debt profile and market access: Austria benefits from very strong market access and a favourable debt profile, with an exceptionally long average maturity and low, although rising, interest rates.

Rating challenges: i) a high and rising public debt stock relative to other highly-rated peers; ii) persistent budgetary pressures, with rising pension and healthcare costs absent structural reform; and iii) a subdued economic growth outlook.

Political Reserve Qualitative*** Quantitative currencv Final **Risk pillars** rating Weight ratinc 0 Domestic economic risk 35% аа Public finance risk 20% 0 а 1/3 External economic risk 10% а EUR Austria Financial stability risk 10% 1/3aaa Environmental 5% aa-[+1] [-0] 0 AA+ factors ESG Social factors 7.5% 0 b risk Governance factors 12.5% 0 aaa Sovereign Quantitative +1 aa Model Additional considerations

Figure 1: Austria's sovereign-rating drivers

*The reserve-currency quantitative adjustment applies to currencies in the IMF's Special Drawing Rights (SDR) basket. **The political-risk quantitative adjustment is based on the World Bank's Political Stability & Absence of Violence/Terrorism index. ***The qualitative scorecard analyst adjustments, capped at one notch per rating pillar, are weighted equally with an aggregate adjustment rounded to the nearest integer. For details, please see Scope's Sovereign Rating Methodology. Source: Scope Ratings.

Foreign currency

Long-term issuer rating/Outlook

AA+/Stable

Senior unsecured debt

AA+/Stable Short-term issuer rating/Outlook S-1+/Stable

Local currency

Long-term issuer rating/Outlook



Senior unsecured debt

AA+/Stable



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Credit strengths and challenges

Credit	strengths	
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- Wealthy and diversified economy
- Strong external position with low private sector indebtedness
- Sound banking sector
- Favourable public debt profile and excellent market access

Credit challenges

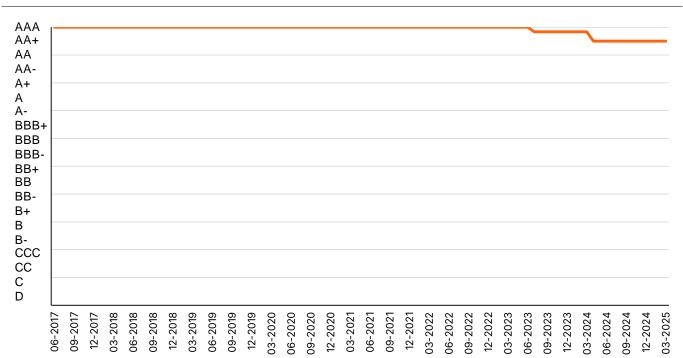
- High and rising public debt stock relative to highly-rated peers
- Budgetary pressures, adverse demographic trend
- Subdued economic growth outlook

Outlook and rating triggers

The Stable Outlook underscores the view that risks for the ratings are balanced.

Positive rating-change drivers	Negative rating-change drivers
Stronger fiscal outlook, sustained decline in debt-to-GDP ratio	Worsening fiscal outlook, steeper debt-to-GDP trajectory
Stronger medium-term growth prospects	Weaker medium-term growth prospects
	• Financial stability risks emerged, with significant negative implications for the economic and/or public finance outlook

Figure 2: Rating history



Foreign-currency long-term issuer rating. Positive/Negative Outlooks are treated with a +/-0.33-notch adjustment. Credit Watch positive/negative with a +/-0.67-notch adjustment. Source: Scope Ratings.



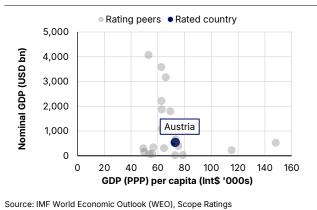
Domestic economic risk

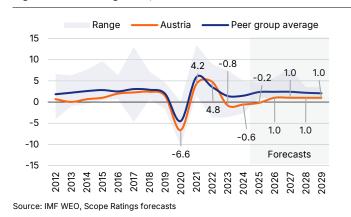
Overview of Scope's assessments of Austria's Domestic Economic Risk

SQM ¹ indicative rating	Analytical component	Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Growth potential and outlook	Neutral	0	Medium-term growth potential broadly in line with highly-rated peers at around 1%; labour supply bottlenecks are a constraint
аа	Monetary policy framework	Neutral	0	ECB is a highly credible and effective central bank
	Macroeconomic stability and sustainability	Neutral	0	Highly competitive and well-diversified economy; resilient labour market; increasing risk of higher unit labour costs following substantial wage increases

Figure 4: Real GDP growth, %

Figure 3: Nominal GDP and GDP per capita (2024E)





Public finance risk

Overview of Scope's assessments of Austria's Public Finance Risk

SQM indicative rating	Analytical component	Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
а	Fiscal policy framework	Neutral	0	Sizeable budgetary response to Covid-19 and energy crises; pre-crisis budget surpluses; only very gradual medium-term fiscal consolidation compared to highly-rated peers
	Long-term debt trajectory	Weak	-1/3	Elevated public debt level relative to highly-rated peers, debt-to-GDP ratio projected to rise gradually, deviating from pre-crisis downward trend
	Debt profile and market access	Strong	1/3	Excellent government market access, low government financing costs, long average maturity of central government debt

Figure 5: Contributions to change in debt levels, pps of GDP

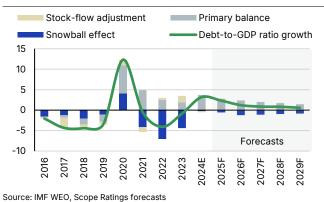
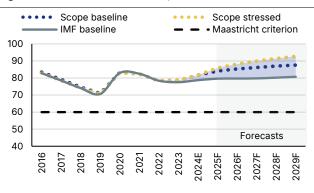


Figure 6: Debt-to-GDP forecasts, % of GDP



Source: IMF WEO, Scope Ratings forecasts



External economic risk

Overview of Scope's assessments of Austria's External Economic Risk

SQM indicative rating	Analytical component	Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Current account resilience	Neutral	0	Diversified, competitive export sector; recurrent current account surpluses; net creditor position; some volatility due to energy (especially gas) imports
а	External debt structure	Strong	1/3	Low gross and short-term external debt
	Resilience to short-term external shocks	Neutral	0	Highly open economy; benefits from euro area membership in line with peers

Figure 7: Current-account balance, % of GDP

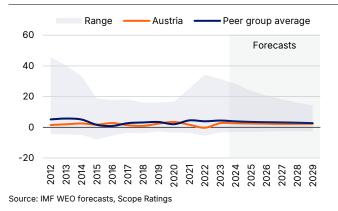
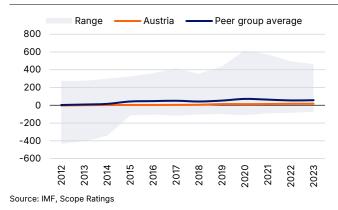


Figure 8: Net international investment position (NIIP), % GDP



Financial stability risk

Overview of Scope's assessments of Austria's Financial Stability Risk

SQM indicative rating	Analytical component	Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Banking sector performance	Neutral	0	Adequate banking-system capitalisation, strong earnings and comfortable liquidity, low albeit rising NPLs
ааа	Financial sector oversight and governance	Neutral	0	Effective oversight under the national competent authority and the ECB as part of the banking union
	Financial imbalances	Strong	1/3	Relatively low household and non-financial corporate sector indebtedness; decelerating residential real estate dynamics

Figure 9: NPLs, % of total loans

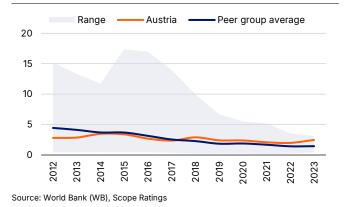
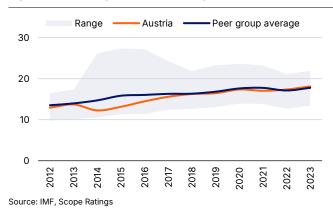


Figure 10: Tier 1 capital, % of risk-weighted assets





Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) risk

Overview of Scope's assessments of Austria's ESG Risk

SQM indicative rating	Analytical component	Assessment	Notch adjustment	Rationale
	Environmental factors	Neutral	0	High share of renewables and ambitious decarbonisation targets by 2030; gaps remain to climate targets in a 'no policy change' scenario
aa-	Social factors	Neutral	0	Strong social safety net and favourable social outcomes, in line with peers, adverse demographics
	Governance factors	Neutral	0	High-quality institutions and stable political environment, in line with peers

Figure 11: CO₂ emissions per GDP, mtCO₂e (2023)

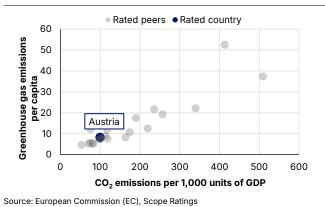
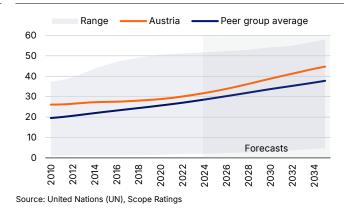


Figure 12: Old-age dependency ratio, %



Reserve-currency adjustment

IMF SDR basket and Scope reserve-currency adjustment

Currency	U.S. dollar	Euro	Chinese yuan	Japanese yen	Pound sterling	Other
IMF SDR basket weights, %	43.4	29.3	12.3	7.6	7.4	0.0
Positive adjustment, notches	3	1	1	1	1	0

Source: IMF, Scope Ratings

Political-risk adjustment

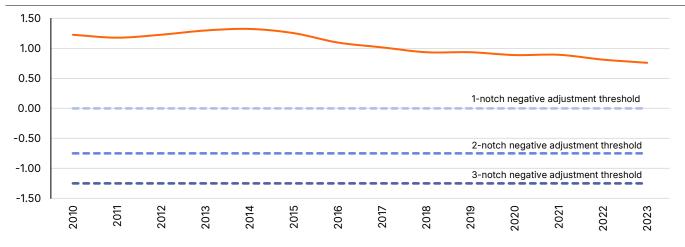


Figure 13: WB Political Stability & Absence of Violence/Terrorism index, Austria, three-year moving average

Source: WB, Scope Ratings

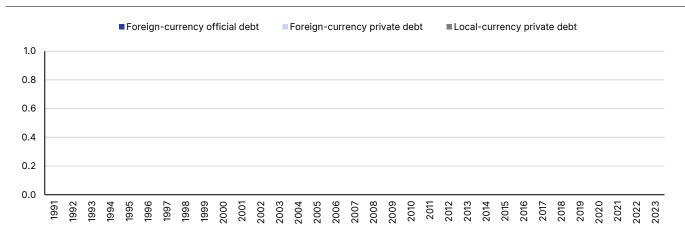


Additional considerations

No adjustment has been applied to the credit rating from additional considerations.

Appendix 1. Sovereign default history

Sovereign default history, USD bn



Depicted private-debt defaults may not always constitute a credit event under Scope's credit-rating definitions. Source: Bank of Canada–Bank of England Sovereign Default Database, Scope Ratings.

Appendix 2. Rating peers

Rating peers are related to sovereigns with an indicative rating in the same rating category or adjacent categories, as assigned by Scope's sovereign quantitative model after accounting for methodological reserve-currency and political-risk adjustments.



*Select publicly-rated sovereigns only; the full sample of sovereign-rating peers may be larger.

Appendix 3. Economic development and default indicators

IMF Development Classification 5y USD CDS spread (bps) as of 3 April 2025 Advanced economy

Appendix 4. Statistical table for selected SQM indicators

This table presents a selection of the indicators (24 out of 30 – with the governance indicator reflecting a composite of five indicators) used in Scope's quantitative model, in line with Scope's Sovereign Rating Methodology. The metrics and sources for the data presented here ensure comparability across global country peers and may therefore differ from data from national and other select international statistical series.

Pillar	Core variable	Source	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
mic	GDP per capita (PPP), Int\$ '000s	IMF	60.7	58.7	63.6	71.0	72.0	73.1
ouo	Nominal GDP, USD bn	IMF	445	435	480	471	518	536
C EC	Real growth, %	IMF	1.5	-6.6	4.2	4.8	-0.8	-0.6
Domestic Economic	CPI inflation, %	IMF	1.5	1.4	2.8	8.6	7.7	3.0
Dor	Unemployment rate, %	WB	4.6	5.2	6.5	5.0	5.3	-
с e	Public debt, % of GDP	IMF	70.6	82.9	82.5	78.4	77.5	78.7
Public Finance	Net interest payment, % of government revenue	IMF	2.4	2.3	1.8	1.5	1.6	2.3
с ії	Primary balance, % of GDP	IMF	1.7	-6.9	-4.9	-2.5	-1.8	-2.2
al Dic	Current-account balance, % of GDP	IMF	2.4	3.4	1.6	-0.3	2.7	2.6
External Economic	Total reserves, months of imports	WB	1.1	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.1	-
шü	NIIP, % of GDP	IMF	13.3	12.3	13.8	16.3	71.0 72.0 471 518 4.8 -0.8 8.6 7.7 5.0 5.3 78.4 77.5 1.5 1.6 -2.5 -1.8 -0.3 2.7 16.2 16.7 16.2 17.3 89.5 84.9	-
र व	NPL ratio, % of total loans	IMF	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.5	-
Financial Stability	Tier 1 ratio, % of risk-weighted assets	IMF	16.1	15.9	17.2	16.2	17.3	18.2
St	Credit to the private sector, % of GDP	WB	86.3	93.1	93.1	89.5	84.9	-
	CO ² per EUR 1,000 of GDP, mtCO ² e	EC	117.4	114.9	116.5	102.8	99.6	-
	Income share of bottom 50%, %	WID	22.7	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	-
ESG	Labour-force participation rate, $\%$	WB	76.9	76.5	77.1	77.7	78.0	-
ES	Old-age dependency ratio, %	UN	28.4	28.8	29.4	30.1	30.9	31.8
	Composite governance indicators*	WB	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	-
	Political stability, index	WB	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	-

*Average of the following five World Bank Worldwide Governance Indicators: Control of Corruption, Voice and Accountability, Rule of Law, Government Effectiveness, Regulatory Quality.



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Applied methodologies

Sovereign Rating Methodology, January 2025

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